

### DETAIL SYLLABI OF THE DIFFERENT COURSES OFFER IN INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY, PART –II, FIRST SEMISTER



PROPOSED CURRICULAR STRUCTURE FOR PART – 2 (2ND YEAR) OF THE FULL- TIME DIPLOMA COURSE IN INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY													
	WEST BENGAL STATE COUNCIL OF ECHNICAL EDUCATION												
	TEACHING AND EXAMINATION SCHE	ME FOR DIP	LOM	A IN	ENGI	NEER	ING C	OURSES					
SEMIST	ER:THIRD									BF	RANCH:IT		
			Ρ	ERIO	<b>DS</b>			Evaluat	ion Sc	heme			
SL.No.	SUBJECT	CREDITS						INTERNAL SCHEME		INTERNAL SCHEME		DP	TOTAL
		•	10		ТА	СТ	Total	LJL	FN	MARKS			
1	Discrete Mathematics	3	3			10	20	30	70		100		
2	C Programming	3+2	3		4	10	20	30	70	100	200		
3	Digital Techniques	3+1	3		2	10	20	30	70	50	150		
4	Data Structure	3+2	3		3	10	20	30	70	50	150		
5	Computer System and Architecture	3	3			10	20	30	70		100		
6	Electronics Device & Circuits	3+1	3		2	10	20	30	70	50	150		
7	Professional Practice-I (PC Maintenance)	1			2					50	50		
Total		25	18		13	60	120	180	420	300	900		
STUDENT CONTACT HOURS PER WEEK: 31 HRS.													
Theory	Theory and Practical Periods of 60 minutes each.												
L-Lecture, TU-Tutorials, PR-Practical, TA-Teachers Assessment, CT-Class Test, ESE-End Semester Examination.													



Name of the Course: Discret	e Mathematics						
Course Code: DM		Semester: Third					
<b>Duration: Six Months</b>		Maximum Marks: 100					
Teaching Scheme:		Examination Scheme:					
Theory: 03 hrs./week		Class Test : 20 Ma	arks				
Tutorial: 00 hrs./week		Teachers Assessment: 10 Ma	arks				
Practical: 00 hrs./week		End Semester Exam.: 70 M	arks				
Credit : 3		Practical / Sessional : 00 (Inte	ernal) + 00 (Ext	ernal)			
Aim:							
SI. No.							
1.	To learn basic concept of	f Discrete Mathematics.					
Objective:							
SI. No.	Students will able to:						
1.	Understand relation Computer Scient	ation between Mathematics and nce & Engineering	d applications i	in			
2.	Acquire sufficie problems used	nt Mathematical techniques neo	cessary for pra	ctical			
3. Acquire knowledge of Mathematical term, concept, principals, and different methods.							
4. > Develop ability to apply Mathematical methods to solve technical.							
Pre-Requisite:							
SI. No.							
1.	Basic Concept of Math's	S					
2.	Calculation of Numbers						
3.	Introduction to Formula	a					
Unit No.	(	Contents	Hrs/Unit	Marks			
	Mathematical Logic						
Unit:1	<ul> <li>1.1 Statement a</li> <li>1.2 Connectives Disjunction, Tables, Conc Well-formed Equivalence Tautological</li> <li>1.3 Normal Form Conjunctive</li> <li>1.4 The Theory of Calculus – va of Inference, Indirect met</li> <li>1.5 Predicate Calcular</li> </ul>	nd Notation – Negation, Conjunction, Statement Formulas and truth litional and Biconditional, I Formulas, Tautologies, of Formulas, Duality Law, Implications ns – Disjunctive and Normal Forms. of Inference for the Statement alidity using Truth Table, Rules , Consistency of Premises and hod of proof liculus	06				
Unit: 2	SET THEORY 2.1 CONCEPT OF SETS: I Empty set – Universal s OPERATION ON SETS: U	Notation – Subset – Superset – et – Examples. Inion – Intersection –	07				



	Complementation – Difference – Symmetric difference – Problems relating simple set identities – Definition of power set – Cartesian product of finite number of sets – Simple problems – Cardinality of a set – Finite and infinite sets 2.2 RELATION BETWEEN TWO SETS: Binary relation as a subset of Cartesian product – Reflexive, symmetric & transitive relations – Examples — Equivalence relation – Examples – Partition – problems 2.3 FUNCTIONS: Definition of function – Domain, Co- domain & Range of a function – Injective, Surjective and Bijective functions – Related problems		
Unit: 3	MATRIX THEORY 3.1 ELEMENTARY TRANSFORMATION ON A MATRIX: Equivalent matrices – Definition of sub-matrix of a matrix Rank of a matrix (definition) – Echelon form of a matrix – Theorems on rank (statement only) – Evaluation of rank of a matrix – Problems 3.2 System of SIMULTANEOUS LINEAR EQUATIONS – Test of consistency – Solution of system of simultaneous linear equations by matrix method – Problems. 3.3 Definition of eigenvalues and eigenvectors – Characteristic equation – Theorems on eigenvalues and eigenvectors – Related problems	08	
Unit: 4	COUNTING TECHNIQUES 4.1 PRINCIPLE OF INCLUSION AND EXCLUSION: Statement of the principle – Set theoretic problems relating to principles of inclusion and exclusion. 4.2 MATHEMATICAL INDUCTION: Concept of Induction – Statement of the principle of Mathematical Induction – Application of the principle of Induction in various problems. 4.3 RECURRENCE RELATION: Definition – Examples (Fibonacci series etc.) – Linear recurrence relations with constants coefficients – Homogeneous solutions – Particular solutions – Total solutions – Problems.	06	
Unit: 5	<ul> <li>GRAPH THEORY</li> <li>5.1 Introduction – Definition of a graph – Sub graph – Isomorphism – Walk, Paths and Circuits –</li> <li>Connectedness and components – Euler graphs – Hamiltonian paths and Circuits – Problems.</li> <li>5.2 TREE: Definition &amp; properties of trees – Distance &amp; centre in a tree – Rooted &amp; binary trees –Spanning tree – Spanning tree in a weighted graph – Problems.</li> <li>5.3 Graph theoretic algorithms – Minimal Spanning tree algorithm – Shorted path algorithm. Travelling salesman problem.</li> </ul>	10	
Unit: 6	TRANSFORM	08	



	6.1 Laplace Transforms: Definition- Transform of						
	elementary functions-Properties of Lapl	ace					
	Transforms of Derivatives- Inverse trans	forms-Partial					
	fractions- Unit step function-Unit impuls	se function-					
	Periodic functions.						
Total			45				
Text Books:							
Name of Authors	Title of the Book	Edition	Name of the Publisher				
J.P Tremblay	Discrete Mathematical Structures with						
R. Manohar	Applications to Computer Science						
Swapan Kumar Chakraborty&BikashKanti Sarkar	Discrete Mathematics		OXFORD				
T. Sengadir	Discrete Mathematics and PEARSON PEARSON						
Purna Chandra Biswal	Discrete Mathematics and Graph Theory PHI						
Lipschutz& Lipson	Discrete Mathematics McGraw Hill						
Reference Books:			l				
Name of Authors	Title of the Book	Edition	Name of the Publisher				
Lipschutz& Lipson	Discrete Mathematics (Solved Problems Series)		McGraw Hill				
G.Suresh Singh	Graph Theory		PHI				
R Akerkar& R Akerkar	Discrete Mathematics		PEARSON				
Suggested list of Assignment	ts / Tutorial:	<u> </u>	1				
Sl. No.	Topic on which tutorial is to be conducted	ed					
1.	Analyze designed algorithm						
2.	Study of dynamic & static Memory alloc	ation					
3.	Explain linear, non-linear data structure						
Note:							
SI. No.							
1.	Maximum 5 questions are to be given in each tutorial, in which two 2 marks questions (based on basic concept and formulae with one/two step calculations) and three 4 marks questions are expected.						
2.	Question Paper setting tips						



Course Co	ode: C	Semester: Third				
Duration	Six Months	Maximum Marks: 200				
Teaching	Scheme:	Examination Scheme:				
Theory:	03 hrs./week	Class Test : 2	0 Marks			
Tutorial:	00 hrs./week	Teachers Assessment: 10	Marks			
Practical:	04 hrs./week	End Semester Exam. : 7	0 Marks			
Credit : 3	+2	Practical / Sessional : 50	(Internal) + 50 (	(External)		
Aim:			(	(,		
S. No	Aims about					
1.	To study the structure programming concept.					
2.	To study Linear Data Structure.					
3.	To study Looping and Branching.					
4.	To study subscripted variables and user define	ed data types.				
5.	To study user defined functions.					
6.	To study pointers in depth.					
7.	To study formatted and unformatted files.					
Objective	:					
S. No	The students will be able to -					
1.	Describe the concepts of constants, variables,	data types and operators.				
2.	Develop programs using input and output ope	erations.				
3.	Write programs using different looping and branching statements.					
4.	Write programs based on arrays and strings handling functions.					
5.	Write programs using user-defined functions, structures and union.					
6.	Write programs using C pointers.					
7.	Use formatted and unformatted files to store	and access data.				
Pre-Requ	isites -					
S. NO						
1.	Interaction with DOS / Windows Operating Sy	vstem.				
Z.	Ability to develop logic / flow of simple proble	em.	llue /llusit	Marka		
	Regist of C		Hrs/Unit	iviarks		
	1 1 Introduction of Clanguage History of C	language Merits				
	& Demerits of Clanguage, Working ster	ns of C Compiler (source				
	header, object, and binary executable	code).				
1	1.2 C character set. Tokens. Constants. Var	iables. Key words and	4			
_	Identifiers, Data types used in C & their					
	1.3 Various C operators, Operator precede	nce, Associativity of				
	operators, Type conversion, Typecastin	ıg.				
	1.4 Formatted input/ output statements.					
	Decision Control and Looping Statements:					
	2.1 Decision making and branching statem	ents, if statement (if, if-				
	else, else-if ladder, nested if-else), Swit	ch case statement.				
2	2.2 Iterative/Loop statement, Entry contro	olled & exit controlled	4			
	loop structure & differences, while, do-	-while, and for loop				
	structure, Break and continue statemen	nt, Conditional and				
	unconditional Goto statement, nested	loop structure				
	Arrays and Strings:	arroug Declaration and				
3	5.1. Advantages of subscripted variables/	dimonsional and	6			
	character arrays Accessing array elem	nents.				
	character arrays. Accessing array elen	nents.				



3.2. Declaration and initialization of string variables, String handling functions from standard library (strlen (), strcpy (), strcat (), strcmp ()), String operations to extract substring from left, right, middle of a string, Replacement of string characters, Concatenation of two strings.		
<ul> <li>Functions:</li> <li>4.1 Functions, Need of functions, Difference between library function and user defined Function, Prototype declaration, Defining functions, Passing parameter types, Function call, Return values, Category of function (No argument No return value, No argument with return value, Argument with return value), Recursion and use of memory stack, Types of recursion, Advantages and disadvantages of recursive function.</li> <li>4.2 Scope and lifetime of variables in functions. Local Variable, Global Variable.</li> </ul>	09	
<ul> <li>Pointers:</li> <li>5.1. Understanding pointers, Declaring and accessing pointers, Null Pointers, Generic Pointers, Pointers arithmetic and expressions.</li> <li>5.2. Passing arguments to function using pointers, Pointers and arrays, passing an array to a function, Array name and Pointer.</li> <li>5.3. Pointers and Strings, Array of pointers, Function pointers, Pointers to pointers.</li> <li>5.4 Memory usage, Dynamic memory allocation, Drawbacks of pointer.</li> </ul>	09	
<ul> <li>Structures, Union and Enumerated Data types:</li> <li>6.1 Structures, Defining structure, Declaring and accessing structure members, Typedef declaration, Initialization of structure, Arrays of structure, Nested structure, Structures and functions, Pointer to a structure, Self-referential structure.</li> <li>6.2 Unions, Defining union, Declaring and accessing union members, Initialization of union, Arrays of union variables, Nested union, Union under structure, Differences between structure and union.</li> <li>6.3 Enumerated data, Assigning and accessing enumerated variables, Enumeration type conversion, comparing and I/O operations on enumerated types.</li> </ul>	7	
<ul> <li>Pre-processor Directives:</li> <li>Introduction, Types of pre-processor directives, Macros, Rules for using macros, Distinction between functions and macros.</li> </ul>	2	
8 User defined Files: Introduction to files, Different modes for opening files, Using formatted and unformatted files in C, Read data from files, Writing data to files, Different functions for random selection of records.	4	
Total	45	



	Practical/sessional works					
Skills to b	e developed:					
In	tellectual skills:					
	Use of programming language constructs in program implementation.					
	Apply different logics to solve given problem.					
	Write program using different implementations for the s	ame problem.				
	Identify different types of errors as syntax, semantic, fat	al, linker & logical.				
	Debugging of programs.					
	Understanding different steps and stages to develop con	plex program.				
М	lotor Skills:					
	Proper handling of Computer System.					
A sample	List of Practical / Sessional works to be done (Leading '*' denotes the har	der problems)				
SI. No.	Specific problem(s) related with practical / sessional work	Skill area				
	i) Displaying hexadecimal, decimal, octal number format of the					
	entered numbers.					
	ii) Displaying entered number with leading zeros and trailing	Formatted output.				
01	zeros.	(Any two)				
	iii) Displaying entered number with right and left justification.					
	iv) Displaying with different formatting specifiers.					
	v) To find greatest / smallest of three numbers.					
	vi) To display pass class, second-class, distinction according to the					
	marks entered from the keyboard.					
	vii) To find even or odd numbers.	Two way and multiway				
02	viii) To display spellings of number 1-10 on entry.	Branching.				
	ix) Implementation and displaying the menu to execute 1. ADD, 2.	(Any four)				
	SUBTRACT 3. MULTIPLICATION. 4. DIVISION using switch case.					
	x) To check whether there exist real roots of a guadratic equation					
	and if exist find them.					
	xi) To display our College name twenty times on screen.					
	xii) To demonstrate Continue and Break statements within loop					
	structure.					
	xiii) To add first 'n' natural, even, odd numbers using different loop					

03	<ul> <li>structure.</li> <li>xiii) To add first 'n' natural, even, odd numbers using different loop structures.</li> <li>xiv) To find GCD, LCM of two integral numbers.</li> <li>xv) To generate simple number triangle for n rows.</li> <li>xvi) To generate Pascal triangle for n rows.</li> <li>xvii) To add the series 1 + (1 + 2) + (1 + 2 + 3) ++ (1 + 2 + 3 ++n)</li> <li>xviii) To generate all prime numbers within the given range.</li> <li>xix) To find all the Armstrong numbers within 100 to 1000.</li> </ul>	Loop structure and nested loop structure. (Any six)
04	<ul> <li>xx) To find the largest and smallest numbers from array elements.</li> <li>xxi) *To sort array elements in ascending / descending order.</li> <li>xxii) To enter elements for 3X3 matrix and display them.</li> <li>xxiii) To calculate addition / subtraction of 2 dimensional matrix.</li> <li>xxiv) *To calculate multiplication of 2 dimensional matrix.</li> <li>xxv) To find the number of vowels and consonants in a string.</li> <li>xxvi) Implementation of strlen(), strcpy(), strcat() and strcmp() functions.</li> <li>xxvii) To check whether a string is palindrome or not.</li> <li>xxviii) *To replace a specific character/string by another</li> </ul>	Arrays and Strings (Any six)



	charact	er/string in a multiword	string.		
	xxix) *loma	ke the abbreviated form	of a multiword string	•	
05	<ul> <li>xxx) To calculate the value of <sup>n</sup>C<sub>r</sub>, n≥r using function</li> <li>xxxi) *To find the sum of the series 1 + x/1! + x<sup>2</sup>/2! + x<sup>n</sup>/n! for n ≥ 1, x ≥ 0 using functions.</li> <li>xxxii) To interchange the biggest and smallest number in to calculate factorial a one dimensional array using function.</li> <li>xxxiii) To calculate factorial of any given number using recursion.</li> <li>xxxiv) To demonstrate call by reference, call by value.</li> <li>xxxv) To read and display an integer array using pointer.</li> <li>xxxvi) To read and display a text using a character pointer to a string. Also count the number of characters, words and lines in the text.</li> <li>xxxvii) *To read, display, add and subtract of two times defined using hour, minutes and values of seconds.</li> <li>xxxviii) *To read and display the contents of a structure variable using pointer to a structure.</li> </ul>				
06	xxxix) Handling with unformatted, formatted files in different operational mode.       xl)       To count the number characters and number of lines in a file.         xli)       To copy one file into another by copying one character at a time / multiple characters simultaneously (using fgets() and fputs()).         xlii)       To write records of student to a file using array of structure and display them accordingly.         xliii)       *A text menu driven program to append a record, to edit a particular record, to display a predefined record, to delete a				Formatted and unformatted files. (Any two)
Text Book	(S:				
Name of t	the Authors	Titles of the Book	Edition	Name of the	e Publisher
ReemaThareja Programming in C Second		OXFORD Un	iversity Press		
E. Balgurusamy		Programming in C	Fourth	Tata Mc-Gra	aw Hill
E.Karthikeyan		A Textbook on C		PHI	
Srivastava		C in Depth		BPB	
Deference Beels					
Kanetkar	. DOUR.	Let Us C		RPR	
Kanetkar Kamthane		C programming: Test your skills		Pearson	

Name of the Course: Digital Techniques	
Course Code: DT	Semester: Third
Duration: Six Months	Maximum Marks: 150
Teaching Scheme:	Examination Scheme:
Theory: 03 hrs./week	Class Test : 20 Marks
Tutorial: 00 hrs./week	Teachers Assessment: 10 Marks
Practical: 02 hrs./week	End Semester Exam. : 70 Marks
Credit : 3+1	Practical / Sessional : 25 (Internal) + 25 (External)



Aim:					
SI. No.					
1.	To study different logic families and number system.				
2.	To introduce different logic gates, their Boolean algebra and combinational logic design using those gates.				
3.	To learn how to design sequential logic using flip flop. To converters	study diffe	erent A/D and D	)/A	
Objective: S	tudent will be able to				
Sl. No.					
1.	Design simple logic circuits.				
2.	Assemble logic circuits.				
3.	Test the logic circuits.				
4.	Observe outputs of logic circuits				
5.	Troubleshoot digital circuits.				
6.	Use A/D and D/A converters.				
7.	Design and verify Sequential circuit.				
Pre-Reauisi	te:				
Sl. No.					
1.	Basic Electronics Engineering				
2.					
3.					
Unit No.	Contents		Hrs/Unit	Marks	
Unit: 1	<ul> <li>Introduction to digital electronics:</li> <li>1.1 Comparative view of Digital and Analog circuit.</li> <li>1.2 Application area of digital circuit.</li> <li>1.3 Logic families comparison of TTL, CMOS and ECL logic</li> <li>1.4 Number system – Binary, Octal, Decimal, Hexadecim conversion of number system.</li> <li>1.5 Binary arithmetic with 1's complement and 2's comp</li> </ul>	c families. al and Iement.	04		
Unit: 2	Different binary codes- weighted and non-weighted. Logic Gates And Boolean Algebra: 2.1 LOGIC SYMBOL AND EXPRESSION AND,OR,NOT,EX-OR,EX- NOR GATES 2.2 UNIVERSAL GATES – NAND AND NOR. REPRESENTATION OF BASIC GATES USING UNIVERSAL GATES. 2.3 BASIC LAWS AND THEOREMS OF BOOLEAN ALGEBRA 2.4 DE MORGAN'S THEOREMS. 2.5 SIMPLIFICATION OF BOOLEAN EXPRESSION USING BOOLEAN ALGEBRA. 2.6 CONSTRUCTION OF LOGICAL CIRCUIT FROM BOOLEAN EXPRESSION. 2.7 MINTERMS AND MAXTERMS 2.8 REPRESENTATION OF BOOLEAN EXPRESSION IN SUM OF MINTERM AND PRODUCT OF MAXTERM FORM AND CONVERSION.		11		
Unit: 3	Combinational Logic Design / Circuits		11		



	3.1 Adder – Half adder and full adder, representation of full adder		
	using half adders.		
	3.2 subtractor– Half subtractor and full subtractor,		
	representation of full subtractor using halfsubtractors.		
	3.3 Design of Binary parraleladder.		
	3.4 Decoder, representation of larger decoder using smaller		
	decoder, realization of Boolean expression using Decoders. 3.5 Design of Encoder.		
	3.6 Multiplexer, Representation of larger Multiplexer using		
	smaller Multiplexer, representation of Boolean expression using		
	suitable Multiplexer.		
	3.7 Demultiplexer, design of demultiplexer using decoder.		
	3.8 code converter – BCD to Exces- 3 BCD , Binary to gray and vice-		
	versa.		
	3.9 Parity generator and checker circuit.		
	3.10 Design of comparator circuit.		
	3.11 Design of any combinational circuit using Universal gates.		
	Design of Sequential Logic circuit :		
	4.1 One bit memory cell, clock signal, synchronous and		
	asynchronous sequential circuit.		
	4.2 Design of basic S-R flip- flop using NOR and NAND gates, Race		
	condition and disadvantage, Design of clocked S-R flip-flop.		
	4.2 Design of J-K flip-flop, Race around condition, master slave		
Unit: 4	flip-flop.	11	
	4.3 Design of D flip-flop.		
	4.4 Design of T flip-flop.		
	4.5 Realization of one flip-flop using other.		
	4.6 Application of flip-flops – Excitation table,		
	4.7 Counters – Design of Modulus, synchronous and asynchronous		
	counters.		
	Memories :		
	5.1 Classification of memories		
Unit: 5	5.2 RAM, ROM, PROM, EPROM, and EEPROM.	4	
	5.3 Circuit diagram using CMOS transistors and working of Static		
	and Dynamic RAM.		
	A-D And D-A Converters		
	DAC and ADC:		
Unit: 6	5.1 Design of weighted resistor and R-2R ladder DAC method.	4	
	5.2 Design of successive approximation, single slope and dual	•	
	slope ADC method.		
-			
Total		45	
	Contents (Practical)		
SI. No.	Skills to be developed		
1.	Intellectual Skills: Able to design, test and debug any digital circuit.		
2.	Motor Skills: Exposer to Digital world through studying this		
Commercial and the	at af Laboratory. Francisco ata		
i suggested li	SLOI LADORATORY EXDERIMENTS:		



Practical/Sessional Works						
Sl. No.	Laboratory E	Laboratory Experiments				
1	Study of Dig	Study of Digital IC datasheets and noting down the characteristics for TTL & CMOS logic				
	families. Pin	amilies. Pin Diagram				
2.	Verification	of truth table of logic gates.				
3.	Implementa	tion of different gates by using Unive	rsal gates.			
4.	Formation o	f more than 2 inputs gate by using 2 i	input gates on	ly.		
5.	Construction	n of Half adder and Full adder.				
6.	Construction	of Multiplexers.				
7.	Construction	of code converters/ decoder drivers				
8.	Verification	of truth table of Flip flops by using IC	s.			
9.	Up-down co	unters by using JK or T flip flops (IC)				
10.	Design of rea	gisters by using Flip flops.				
11.	Use of A to I	O Converter (by using IC).				
** Any Digital	Fechniques or	iented Laboratory experiment can al	so be done by	using PSpice simulation		
software like E	lectronics Wo	rkbench.				
Suggested list of	of Assignment	s / Tutorial:				
Text Books:						
Name of Autho	rs	Title of the Book	Edition	Name of the Publisher		
Mano, Ciletti		Degital Design	5 <sup>th</sup>	Pearson		
Kharate		Digital Electronics		Oxford		
Salivahanan&A	rivazhagan	Digital Electronics		Vikas		
R P Jain		Modern Digital Electronics		тмн		
A.K.Maini		Digital Electronics		Wiley		
Reference Boo	ks:					
Name of Autho	rs	Title of the Book	Edition	Name of the Publisher		
S P Bali		2000 solved problems in Digital		тмн		
		Electronics – Sigma series				
Floyd		Digital Fundamentals	10 <sup>th</sup>	Pearson		
Note:						
SI. No.						
1.	Question Pa	per setting tips:				
	End Semeste	er Examination: Question should be n	nade as per cla	ass weight and must cover		
	whole syllab	us. Objective Type: 20 marks (answe	red in one or t	wo sentences. Subjective		
	type: 50 mai	ks. To be set at least 8 question and	to be answere	d 5 questions each carrying		
	10 marks					



Name of th	ne Course: Computer System and Architect	ure			
Course Coo	de: CSA				
Duration: S	Six Months	Maximum Marks: 100			
<b>Teaching S</b>	cheme:	Examination Scheme:			
Theory:	03 hrs./week	Class Test : 20 Marks	5		
Tutorial:	00 hrs./week	Teachers Assessment: 10 Mark	s		
Practical:	00 hrs./week	End Semester Exam.: 70 Mark	ĸs		
Credit : 3		Practical / Sessional : 00 (Intern	al) + 00 (Ext	ternal)	
Aim:					
SI. No.					
1.	To understand the structure and operation	nal concept of computer system.			
2.	To learn the how numbers represented in	computers and process them.			
3.	To understand memory system and acces	s mechanism of IO devices.			
4.	To learn pipelining and parallel processing	g.			
<b>Objective:</b>	Student will be able to				
Sl. No.					
1.	Understand a computer system that has h and makes them useful.	nardware and software component	ts, which co	ntrols	
2.	Understand the fixed and floating point nur	nber representation in computer.			
3.	Understand how arithmetic operation will be performed in computer system.				
4.	Gain knowledge on Cache and virtual memory.				
5.	To understand Interrupt and DMA access.				
6.	Gain knowledge on RISC and CISC architecture.				
7.	Understand how pipelining and parallel processing improves the performance of computer system.				
Pre-Requis	ite:				
SI. No.					
1.	Basic knowledge of computer is helpful.				
2.	Basic knowledge of number system is hel	pful			
3.					
Unit No.	Contents	5	Hrs/Unit	Marks	
	Basics of Computer system:				
	1.1 Introduction to Computer, Different g	eneration of Computer system.			
Unit: 1	1.2 Stored program concept, Von Neuman	nn Architecture and its features.	3		
	1.3 Various components of Computer system	m – Bus Structure, Components of	· ·		
	CPU, Memory unit and IO unit.				
	1.4 Concept of PC, Laptop, workstation, S	erver, Super Computer.			
	Instruction structure and addressing modes, Nu	imber Representation:			
	2.1 Instruction, Instruction Format, 0,1,2,3	address instruction.			
Unit: 2	2.2 Different addressing modes with exam	npie.	-		
	2.3 Instruction cycle.		5		
	2.4 Representation of Fixed point & Float	ing Point number in Computer			
	System.	lo and double presision numbers			
	2.5 biased exponent, IEEE format for sing	le and double precision numbers.			
Unit: 3	Arithmetic operation	and from at the	8		
	3.1 Addition/Subtraction Unit block diagra	am and function.			



	3.2 Multiplication	n circuit diagram and multiplication of	of positive nu	mbers.		
	3.3 Multiplication of negative numbers and Booths algorithm and its					
	flowchart with example.					
	3.4 Restoring and	d				
	example.					
	3.5 Floating point	t addition/subtraction algorithm and	l flowchart (n	0		
	example).					
	Memory and IO d	levices				
	4.1 Memory Hier	archy model and comparison on cos	t. speed and s	ize.		
	4.2 Cache memor	v. Cache writing policy. Mapping teo	chnique. Hit ra	atio.		
	Replacement algo	prithm.		,		
	4.3 Concept of vi	rtual memory technique, address tra	Inslation met	nod,		
Unit: 4	TLB.	, , ,		,	8	
	4.4 Different met	hods of IO access mechanism (Progr	ammed IO, In	terrupt		
	Mechanism, DMA	A data transfer, IO processor.).		•		
	4.5 Interrupt, Diff	ferent types of interrupt, Priority int	errupt, Simul	taneous		
	interrupt.		1 /			
	4.6 DMA transfer	modes – Burst mode, Cycle stealing	mode.			
	Control unit desig	zn issue				
	5.1 Hardwired Co	ntrol unit design.				
Unit: 5	5.2 Microprogran	nmed Control unit design.			_	
	5.3 Concept of Ho	prizontal and vertical microprogram	ming.		5	
	5.4 Comparison b	etween hardwired Control unit and	microprogram	nmed		
	control unit.					
	RISC, CISC archite	ecture and Pipelining				
	6.1 Characteristic	features of RISC architecture& CISC	architecture.			
	6.2 Comparison b	etween RISC and CISC.				
Unit: 6	6.3 Concept of pa	rallel processing and Flynn's Classifi	cation		12	
	6.4 Pipelining, Sp	ace-time diagram, Speed-up due to	vipelining.		12	
	6.5 Concept of ins	struction pipelining & arithmetic pip	elining.			
	6.6 Different pipe	eline hazards and their detection and	d minimizatio	n.		
	6.7 RISC pipelinin					
	Vector Processing	and Array Processor				
11	7.1 Concept of ve	ctor processing, lechniques used in	vector proces	sing		
Unit: 7	7.2 Speed advant	age of vector processing, vector pro	cessing instru	iction	4	
	Tormat.	ray processor				
	7.5 Concept of an	as of array processors				
	7.4 Different type		Tota	1	45	
Text Books			1012	1	45	
Name of A	,. uthors	Title of the Book	Edition	Name o	f the Public	sher
Hamacher	Vranesic Zaky	Computer Organization	5 <sup>th</sup>	тин		
namacher	, vranesic, zaky	Computer Organization	5			
Stallings		Architecture		Pearsor	1	
-						
као		Computer System Architecture		РНІ		
Goyel&Sin	dwani	Computer Organization with		Katson		
		Architecture				
Reference	Books:		1	1		
Name of A	uthors	Title of the Book	Edition	Name o	f the Publis	sher



Rajaraman & Radhakrishnan		Computer Organization and Architecture		РНІ
Mano		Digital Logic an Computer Design		Pearson
Parhami		Computer Architecture		Oxford
Note:				
SI. No.				
1.	Question Paper setting tips: End Semester Examination: Question should be made as per class weight and must cover whole syllabus. Objective Type: 20 marks (answered in one or two sentences. Subjective type: 50 marks. To be set at least 8 question and to be answered 5 questions each carrying 10 marks			hould be made as per class answered in one or two and to be answered 5

Name of the	Name of the Course: Data structure				
Course Code: DS Semester: Third					
<b>Duration: Six</b>	Months	Maximum Marks: 150			
Teaching Sch	eme:	Examination Scheme:			
Theory: 0	3 hrs./week	Class Test : 20 Marks			
Tutorial: 0	0 hrs./week	Teachers Assessment: 10 Marks			
Practical: 0	3 hrs./week	End Semester Exam.: 70 Marks			
Credit : 3+2		Practical / Sessional : 25 (Internal) + 25 (External)			
Aim:					
Sl. No.					
1	To develop skills in selecting or designing and impler	nenting appropriate data structures in			
1.	developing software to solve problems				
2.	To acquaint students with principles of algorithms				
3.	To familiarize with control and data structures of C programming language, and abstract data types				
Objective:					
SI. No.	Students will able to:				
1.	Write complex applications using structured programming methods.				
2.	Demonstrate understanding of the abstract properties of various data structures such as stacks, queues, lists, and trees.				
3.	Use various data structures effectively in application	programs.			
4.	Implement various data structures in more than one	e manner.			
5.	Compare different implementations of data structures and to recognize the advantages and disadvantages of the different implementations.				
6.	Demonstrate understanding of various sorting algorithms, including bubble sort, insertion sort, selection sort, heap sort and quick-sort. C				
7.	Compare the efficiency of various sorting algorithms	in terms of both time and space.			
8.	Program multiple file programs in a manner that allo	ows for reusability of code.			
9.	Trace and code recursive functions.				
Pre-Requisite	::				
Sl. No.					
1.	Fundamentals of Programming Languages				



Unit No.	Contents (Theory)	Hrs./Unit	Marks
	Introduction to Data Structure:		
	1.1 Data Representation		
	1.2 Abstract data Types		
	1.3 Data Structure and Structured Types		
	1.4 Atomic Type		
	1.5 Difference between Abstract Data Types, Data Types And		
Unit:1	Data Structures	03	
	1.6 Data Types		
	1.7 Linear data type		
	1.8 Non- Linear data type		
	1.9 Primitive data type		
	1.10 Non primitive data type		
	1.11 Refinement Stages		
	Principles of programming and Analysis of Algorithms:		
	2.1 Algorithms		
Unit: 2	2.2 Different approaches for designing an algorithm	02	
	2.3 Complexity	02	
	2.4 Big 'O' Notation		
	2.5 Algorithm analysis		
	Stacks:		
	3.1 Introduction to Stacks		
	3.2 Stacks as an Abstract Data Type		
Unit, 2	3.3 Primitive operations of stacks	04	
Unit. 5	3.3 Representation of Stacks through Arrays	04	
	3.4 Representation of Stacks through Linked List		
	3.5 Application of Stacks		
	2.6 Stack and Recursion		
	Queues:		
	4.1 Introduction		
	4.2 Queue as an Abstract Data Type		
Unit: 1	4.3 Representation of Queues	04	
01111. 4	4.4 Operations on queue: Searching, Insertion, Deletion.	04	
	4.5 Circular Queues		
	4.6 Priority Queue		
	4.7 Application of Queues		
	Linked List:		
	5.1 Introduction,		
	5.2 Terminologies Node, Address, Pointer, Information,		
Unit: 5	Next, Null pointer, Empty list etc.	08	
	5.3 Operations on list Searching, Insertion and Deletion	08	
	5.4 Types of lists Linked list and Circular list		
	5.5 Reverse and Merging Linked list		
	5.6 Array stacks, queues, implementation using list.		
	Trees:		
	6.1 Introduction to Binary Trees		
Unit. 6	6.2 Types of Trees		
Unit: 0	6.3 Basic Definition of Binary Trees	08	
	6.4 Operations on Binary Search Tree		
	6.5 Type of tree Binary, Height balanced and Weight		
	balanced tree		



	6.6 Operations on trees,		
	6.7 Searching Depth-first search and Breadth-first		
	search		
	6.8 Traversing Pre-order, In-order and Post-order		
	6.9 Insertion,		
	6.10 Deletion,		
	Graphs:		
	7.1 Introduction to Graphs		
	7.2 Terms Associated with Graphs		
	6.3 Terminology graph, node (vertices), arcs (edge), directed		
	graph,		
Linit: 7	in-degree, out-degree, adjacent, successor, predecessor, relation,		
01111. 7	Weight, path, length	06	
	7.4 Sequential Representation of Graphs		
	7.5 Linked Representation of Graphs		
	7.6 Traversal of Graphs		
	7.7 Spanning Trees		
	7.8 Shortest Path		
	7.9 Application of Graph		
	Searching & Sorting:		
	8.1 Sorting-An Introduction		
	8.2 Efficiency of Sorting Algorithms		
	8.3 Bubble Sort		
	8.4 Selection Sort		
Unit. 9	8.5 Quick Sort		
01111. 0	8.6 Insertion Sort	08	
	8.7 Merge Sort		
	8.8 Binary Tree Sort		
	8.9 Radix Sort		
	8.10 Shell Sort		
	8.11 Heap Sort		
	8.12 Searching-An Introduction, Binary Search.		
Linit: 0	Hashing		
01111. 9	9.1 Hash functions	02	
	9.2 Deleting items from hash tables		
Total		45	
-	Practical/Sessional Works		
SL No.	Skills to be developed		
	Intellectual Skills:		
	Lice of programming language constructs in program implements	tion	
	Ose of programming language constructs in program implementation     To be able to earbly different logics to solve given problem	luon.	
	<ul> <li>To be able to apply different logics to solve given problem.</li> <li>To be able to write group wing different implementations for</li> </ul>	*	. la la .ua
	• To be able to write program using different implementations for	the same pro	meide
	• Study different types of errors as syntax semantic, fatal, linker &	logical	
	Debugging of programs		
1.	<ul> <li>Understanding different steps to develop program such as</li> </ul>		
	Problem definition		
	Analysis		
	Design of logic		
	Coding		
	Testing		
	• Maintenance (Modifications, error corrections, making changes e	etc.)	



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	Motor Skills:
2.	Proper handling of Computer System.
ist of Prac	ical:
Sl.No.	Practical
1	Programs based on: Array operations, insertion, deletion
2	Programs based on Stacks Implementation of PUSH & POP operations, Evaluate postfix expressions, Infix to postfix conversions.
3	Recursive programs: Factorial, Fibonacci, Ackerman function, and Tower of Hanoi.
4	Programs for demonstrating queue operations. one recursive program converted to non-recursive ones
5	Programs based on Linked lists
6	Programs based on trees Creating a binary tree, in order, pre order and post order traversal of binary tree, deleting a node from binary tree.
7	Programs for implementing various sorting techniques. (Minimum three sorting techniques from topics mentioned in the syllabus))
8	Programs for implementing various sorting and searching techniques. (Minimum two searching techniques from topics mentioned in the syllabus.)
9	Assignments based on graph theory.
10	Program based on hashing.

### LIST OF SAMPLE PROBLEMS FOR DATA STRUCTURE LAB( for example )

- 1. To write a program to check whether a word is palindrome or not.
- 2. To create a two dimensional array of numbers and calculate & display the row & column sum and the grand total.
- 3. To write a program of matrix multiplication.
- 4. To write a program to insert (Push) an element into the sack and delete (Pop) an element from the stack using pointer.
- 5. To write a program to convert an infix expression to a postfix expression.
- 6. To evaluate a postfix expression.
- 7. To write a program to insert an element in the queue and delete an element from the queue using pointer.
- 8. To create a circular queue and add an element and delete an element from a circular queue.
- 9. To write a program of a structure containing an item name along with the unit price. The user enters the item name and quantity to be purchased. Program print outs total price of item with name using pointer in a structure or array in a structure.
- To create a single linked list and (a) insert a node in the list (before header node, in between two nodes, end of the list); (b0 delete a node from the list (1<sup>st</sup> node, last node, in between two nodes); (c) Concatenate two lists.
- To create a doubly linked list and (a) insert a node in the list (before header node, in between two nodes, end of the list); (b) delete a node from the list (1<sup>st</sup> node, last node, in between two nodes); (c) Concatenate two lists.



- 12. To create a circular linked list and insert & delete an element from the list.
- 13. Write a program to merge two shorted linked list.
- 14. Write a program to reverse a linked list.
- 15. To write a program to calculate the binomial co-efficient of <sub>n</sub>C<sup>r</sup> of two numbers using recursive function. Also write the same program using function in non-recursive way.
- 16. To write a program to generate Fibonacci Series using recursive function. Also write the same program using function in non-recursive way.
- 17. To write a program to sort a list of numbers using (i) Heap Sort, (b) Quick Sort, (c) Bubble Sort.
- 18. To write a program to sort a list of numbers using (i) Insertion Sort, (b) Merge Sort, (c) Radix Sort.
- 19. To write a program to create a binary tree and traverse it in pre-order and post-order form.
- 20. To write a program to create a binary search tree and (a) insert a new node in the BST, (b) search a node in the BST, (c) delete a node from the BST.

Text Books:					
Name of Authors		Title of the Book     Edition     Name of the book		Name of the Publisher	
ReemaTharej	а	Data Structures Using C		OXFORD	
DebasisSama	nta	Classic Data Structures	2nd	РНІ	
Prof. P.S Deshpande Prof. O.G. Kakde		C & Data Structures		Dreamtech PRESS	
A.K.Sharma		Data Structures Using C		PEARSON	
Reference Bo	oks:			·	
Name of Authors		Title of the Book	Edition	Name of the Publisher	
Tremblie and Sorrenson		An Introduction To Data Structure With Application		TMH Publications	
Tenenbaum, Langsam & Augenstein		Data Structures Using C		PEARSON	
Suggested list	t of A	Assignments / Tutorial:			
Sl. No.	Тор	pic on which tutorial is to be conducted			
1.	Ana	alyze designed algorithm			
2.	Stu	dy of dynamic & static Memory allocation			
3.	Ехр	lain linear, non-linear data structure			
Note:					
SI. No.					
	Que	estion Paper setting tips:			
1.	End whe typ ma	l Semester Examination: Question should be ma ole syllabus. Objective Type: 20 marks (answere e: 50 marks. To be set at least 8 question and to rks	de as per clas d in one or tw be answered	s weight and must cover vo sentences. Subjective 5 questions each carrying 10	

Name of the Course: Electronics Devices & Circuits				
Course Code: EDC	Semester: Third			
Duration: Six Months	Maximum Marks: 150			



Teaching Sch	eme:	Examination Scheme:			
Theory: 03 hrs./week Class Test : 20 Marks					
Tutorial: 0	00 hrs./week Teachers Assessment: 10 Marks				
Practical: 0	2 hrs./week	End Semester Exam.: 70 Marks			
Credit : 3+1		Practical / Sessional : 25 (Internal) + 25 (E	kternal)		
Aim:					
This subject v	will enable the students to comprehe	end the concepts and working principle of ele	ectronics		
devices and o	ircuits and their application in elect	ronic system. The knowledge acquired by stu	dent will	help	
them to trou	bleshoot and repair electronic circui	ts and devices.			
SI. No.					
1.	To study Different Diode and trans	istor with their Characteristics.			
2.	To Rectifier and Power supply.				
3.	To learn about OPAMP, timer, SCR	, UJT etc.			
4.	To know the basics of LED, LCD, ph	otodiode, phototransistor and solar cell.			
5.	To understand the basics of ICs.				
Objective: St	udent will be able to				
SI. No.					
1.	Identify the electronics circuit element.				
2.	Know the characteristics of different semiconductor devices.				
3.	To make simple semiconductor circuit and to test them.				
4.	Observe outputs of the circuits				
5.	To make rectifier circuits.				
Pre-Requisite	:				
SI. No.					
1.	Knowledge of Physics (especially se	emiconductor) is helpful.			
Unit No.	Cont	ents (Theory)	Hrs./ Unit	Mar ks	
	DIODE				
	1.1 Elementary idea of ordinary did	ode, Forward biased and Reverse biased			
Unit: 1	condition, VI characteristics of ordi	nary diode	4		
	1.2 BREAKDOWN: Zener and avalanche – Construction of and operation of Zener				
	specifications – Simple voltage reg	ulator circuit			
	Bipolar Transistor:				
	2.1 Construction and operation of	NPN and PNP transistors-			
	V-I characteristics, transistor in act	ive, saturation and			
	cut-off-CE, CB, CC configuration and	d their differences,			
	2.2 Definitions of current gains and	l their relationship.			
Linit: 2	I. Concept of Q-point – AC and DC I	oad line –			
01111.2	Stabilization and stability factor		7		
	II. TYPES OF BIASING: (a) Base Bias, (b) Collector Feedback Bias,				
	(c) Emitter Feedback Bias, (d) Pote	ntial Divider Bias.			
	2.3 Transistor as simple small signa	ai amplifier & oscillator			
	and then simple applications				



	FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR:				
Unit: 3	<ul> <li>3.1 Construction, operation and VI characteristics of JFET, pinch-off voltage, drain résistance, transconductance, amplification factor and their relationship</li> <li>3.2 Enhancement and depletion type MOSFET- concepts of CMOS</li> </ul>	4			
	3.3 Differences between BJT and JFET				
	4.1 Half-wave and full-wave rectifier, average voltage, rms voltage, efficiency and ripple factor, percentage voltage regulation,				
Unit: 4	4.2 Function of filter circuits: Capacitor input filter, inductive filter, $\Pi$ type filter – Calculation of ripple factor and average output voltage	12			
	4.3 Series and shunt regulator using transistor, IC regulator				
	4.4 Concept of switch mode power supply				
	4.5 Block schematic description of uninterrupted power supply.				
	OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER:				
	5.1 Circuit operation of differential amplifier.				
	5.2 Introduction to operational amplifier – Inverting and non- inverting mode				
	and their gain calculation – Common mode rejection ratio – Bias current –				
Unit: 5	Offset voltage and current – Slew rate, open loop and closed loop gain – Input				
	and output impedance – Frequency response and virtual ground				
	5.2 Applications of OPAMP as: Adder, Subtractor, Voltage Follower,				
	integrator, Differentiator, comparator, Scinitt Higger				
	TIMER CIRCUITS:				
Unit: 6	6.1 Principle of operation of electronic timer				
	6.2 Functional description of internal blocks of timer IC555	4			
	6.4 Principle of operation of digital timer				
l Init. 7	ELEMENTARY IDEA OF UJT & SCR:				
Unit. 7	7.1 Basic construction and operation of UIT and SCB	2			
Unit: 8	8.1 Elementary ideas of LED. LCD.	3			
	8.2 Photodiode, Phototransistor and Solar cell and their applications	5			
	INTEGRATED CIRCUITS:				
Unit: 9	9.1 Basic idea of ICs – Classifications: linear and digital ICs.	2			
	9.2 SSI, MSI, LSI and VLSI – field of applications				
Total		45			
	Contents (Practical)				
Sl. No.	Skills to be developed				
1.	Intellectual Skills: Able to design, test and debug SEMICONDUCTOR CIRCUIT.				
2.	Motor Skills: Can able to design better semiconductor circuit.				
Suggested	list of Laboratory Experiments:				



Practical								
Sl. No.	Laboratory Experiments							
1.	To be familiar with the common assembly tools.							
2.	To be able to identify the following passive and active circuit elements:							
	diode, transistors, SCR, DIAC, TRIAC, LED, LCD, photodiode, phototransistors, ICs etc.							
	To be familiar with the following basic instruments: —							
	Multimeter, oscilloscope, power supply and function generator.							
4.	To study the VI characteristics of an ordinary diode and reverse biased Zener diode.							
5.	To study the rectifier with and without capacitor filter for:							
	(a) Half-wave rectifier ;( b) full-wave rectifier; (c) bridge rectifier.							
	Determination of frequency response characteristics of RC coupled amplifier circuit and							
6.	calculation of bandwidth, midband gain, input impedance and out-put impedance for:							
	(a)single stage amplifier; (b) double stage amplifier							
7.	To study the following applications of op-amp using IC741:							
	(a) Adder; (b) subtractor; (c) differentiator (d) integrator; and, (e) voltage follower.							
0	To study the characteristics of IC555 timer connected as:							
٥.	(a) astablemulti-vibrator; (b) monostablemulti-vibrator.							
** Any Ele	ctronics orien	ted Laboratory experiment can also be c	done by using	PSpice simulation software				
like Electro	onics Workber	nch or Open Source software.						
Text Book	s:							
Name of A	uthors	Title of the Book	Edition	Name of the Publisher				
Boylestad	&Nashalsky	Electronic Devices and Circuit Theory	10 <sup>th</sup>	Pearson				
Floyd		Electronic Devices	7''	Pearson				
Malvino		Electronic Principles	ath	ТМН				
Bogart, Beasley & Rico		Electronic Devices and Circuits	6	Pearson				
Floyd &Bu	chla	Fundamentals of Analog Circuit	2 <sup>nd</sup>	Pearson				
Salivanan		<b>Electronic Devices and Circuits</b>		тмн				
Reference	Books:							
Name of A	uthors	Title of the Book	Edition	Name of the Publisher				
Singh & Si	ngh	Electronic Devices and Circuits	2 <sup>nd</sup>	Pearson				
Chattopadhayay		Analog Electronics		Knowledge Kit Publication				
Note:								
SI. No.								
1.	This subject will enable the students to comprehend the concepts and working principle of							
	electronics devices and circuits and their application in electronic system. The knowledge acquired by student will help them to troubleshoot and renair electronic circuits and devices.							
	Question Paper setting tips:							
2	End Semester Examination: Question should be made as per class weight and must cover whole							
۷.	syllabus.	syllabus.						
	Objective Type: 20 marks (answered in one or two sentences.							



Subjective type: 50 marks. To be set at least 8 question and to be answered 5 questions each carrying 10 marks

Name of the Course: Professional Practice-I (PC Maintenance)						
Course C	ode: PC-I	Semester: Third				
Duration: Six Months		Maximum Marks: 50				
Teaching Scheme:		Examination Scheme:				
Theory: 00 hrs./week		Class Test : 00 Marks				
Tutorial:	00 hrs./week	Teachers Assessment: 00 Marks				
Practical: 02 hrs./week		End Semester Exam. : 00 Marks				
Credit : 1		Practical / Sessional : 50 (Internal) + 00(External)				
Aim of the Course:						
S. No.	Aims about					
1.	To do the maintenance of the Computer, peripherals and its add-on cards.					
2.	To understand basic working of the c	computer motherboard, peripheral	s and add-on cards			
3.	To select the proper peripheral as pe	r their specification and requireme	ent.			
Objective	e of the course:					
S. No.	The students will be able to -					
1.	Debug and repair the faults in system.					
2.	Assemble the system.					
3.	Load the operating system and devic	e drivers in the system.				
Pre-Requ	lisites -					
S. No.						
1.	Computer software and elementary hardware knowledge.					
2.	PC configuration and setup, quality requirement					
3.	Personal computer hardware trouble	eshooting.				
Practical	/ Sessional Works					
SKIIIS TO I	be developed:					
I	itellectual skills:	hand ware of commuter				
	Foult finding of input	t hardware of computer.				
	Fault finding of input	t/output devices.				
	Proper connection of	fipput / output devices.				
n	Actor Skills:	i input / output devices.				
	<ul> <li>Proper handling of C</li> </ul>	computer System hardware.				
	A sample List of Pra	ctical / Sessional works to be done	.)			
Sl. No.	Specific problem(s) related wit	h practical / Sessional work	Skill area			
01	Drawing the motherboard layout of l chipset through data books or Intern	Pentium IV and studying the et.	Perception			
02	CMOS setup of Pentium.	BIOS				
03	Hard Disk Partitioning.	Logical Storage				
04	Study of HDD: Identify various component functions.	onents of HDD and write their	Storage Devices			
05	Study and installation of any one dis cards.	Display devices & Driver				
06	Installation of Scanner, Printers and	Modems.	Different accessories			
07	Study of SMPS (ATX)	Power Supply				
08	Assembling and disassembling of Per	Operational ability				



09	Study of Diagnostic Software's. (Any one)			Applications			
10	Fault findings: (a) Problems r (b) Problems r	elated to monitor. elated to CPU.	Fault detection and correction				
11	Installation of Operating System.			Installation			
12	Configuration of Client and Server PC, Laptop and Network components.			Execution			
13	RS232C communication between two computers.			Networking			
Text Books:							
Name of Authors		Titles of the Book	Edition	Name of the Publisher			
Mike Meyers, Scott Jernigan		Managing & Troubleshooting PCs		Tata McGraw Hill			
Bigelow		Bigelow's Troubleshooting,		Tata McGraw Hill			
Mark Minasi		Upgrade & Maintenance Guide		Willey			
Scott Muller		Upgrading & Repairing PC		Techmedia			

\*\* For All Theoretical Subject Marks of End Semester Examination will be distributed as – 20 (Objectives-Answer should be given with explanation and avoid fill in the blank type questions) + 50 (Subjective covering whole syllabus properly). \*\*

\*\* For All theoretical Subject two weeks of 17 weeks are allotted for class test or any surprise test conducted by the class teacher \*\*